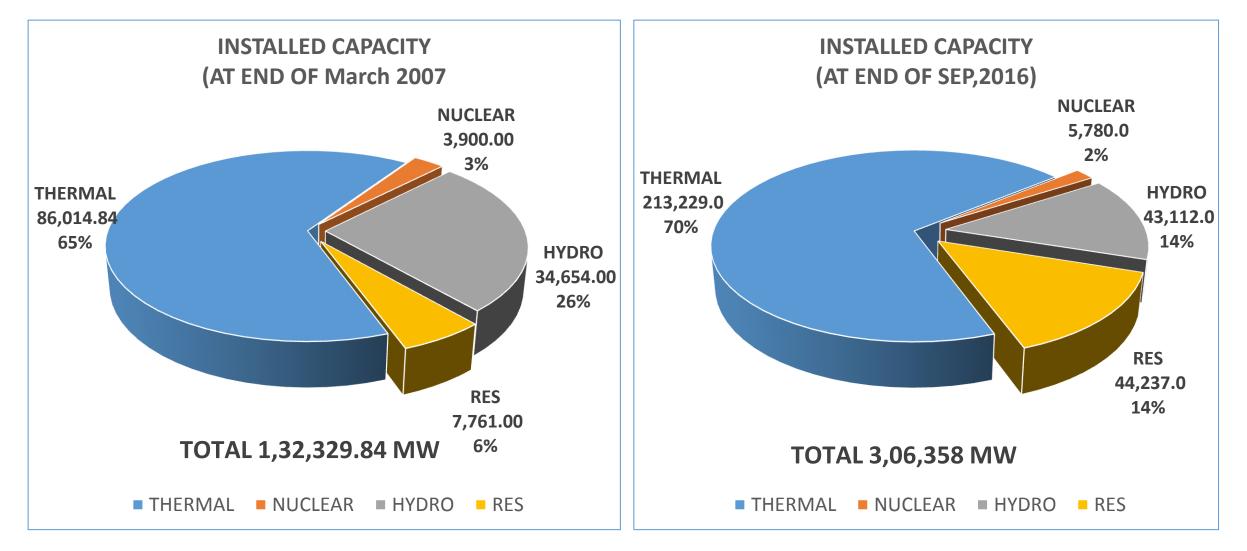
# INDIAN POWER SECTOR ROAD MAP

NEW DELHI 16.12.2016

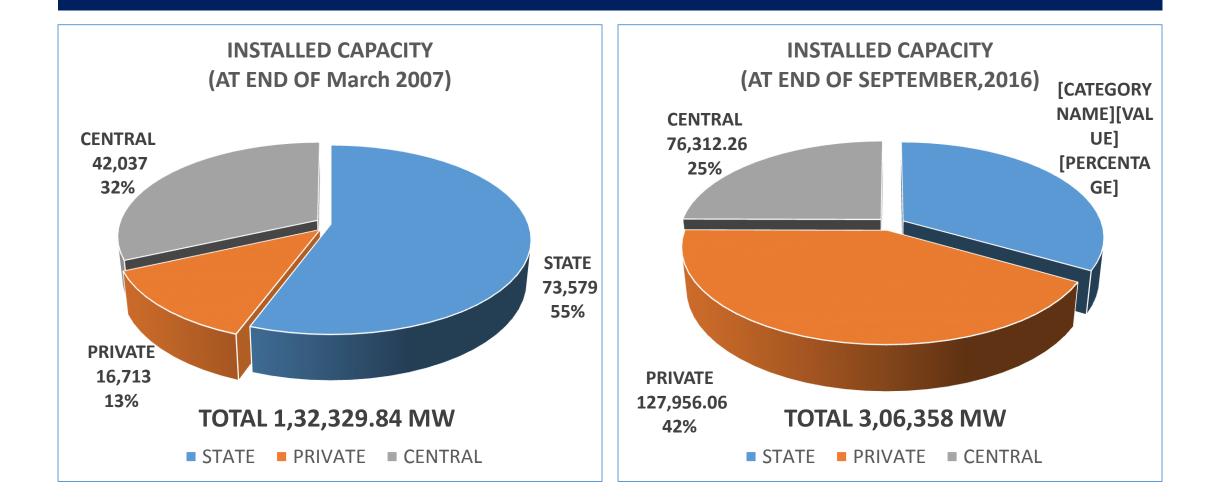
# **GROWTH SO FAR**

#### (FIGURES IN MW)

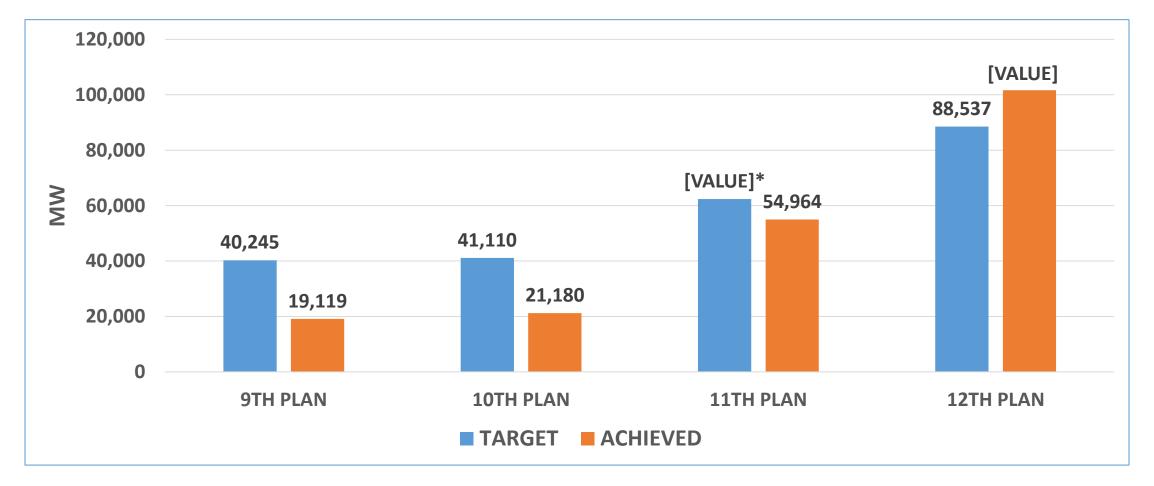
### GROWTH OF ALL INDIA INSTALLED CAPACITY(CATEGORY WISE)



### (FIGURES IN MW) GROWTH OF ALL INDIA INSTALLED CAPACITY(SECTOR WISE)



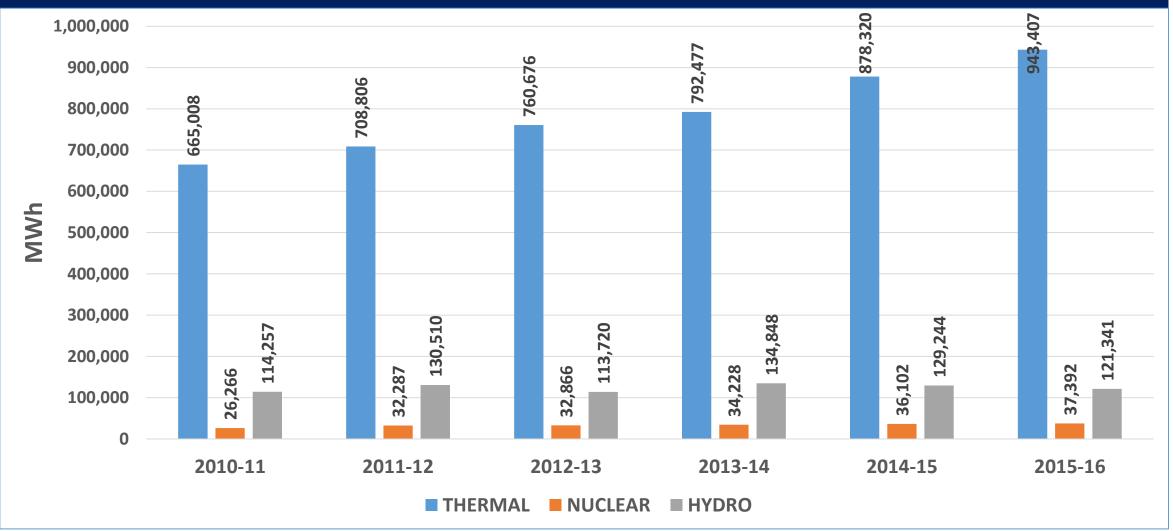
## PLANWISE ALL INDIA CONVENTIONAL CAPACITY ADDITION TARGET VS ACHIEVEMENT



\*AS PER MID TERM APPRAISAL

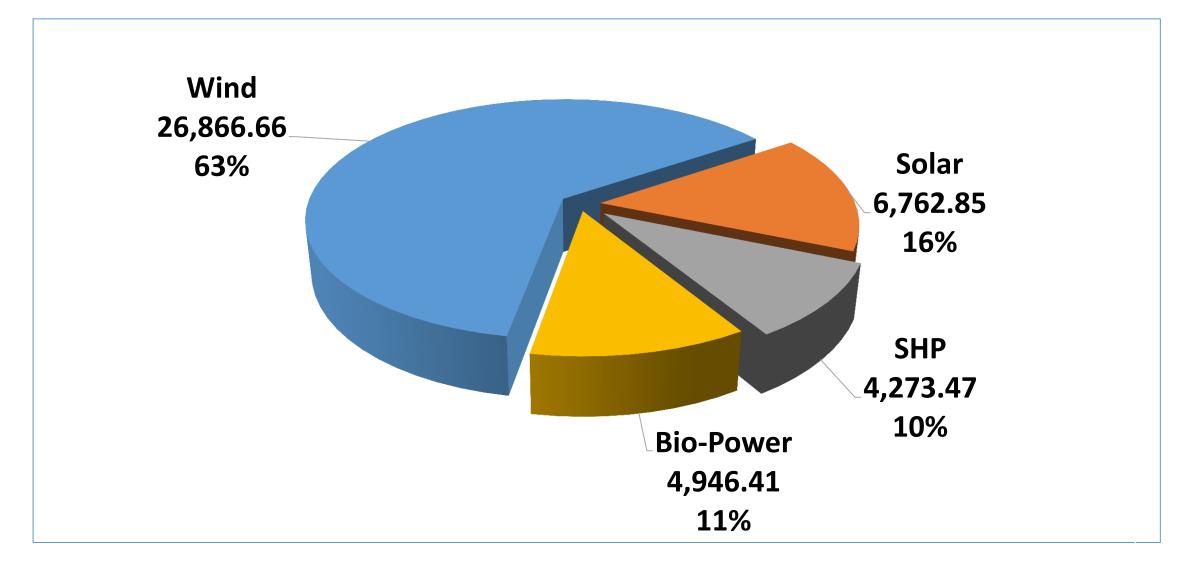
(FIGURES IN MW)

## **GROWTH OF ALL- INDIA CATEGORY WISE ACTUAL GENERATION**

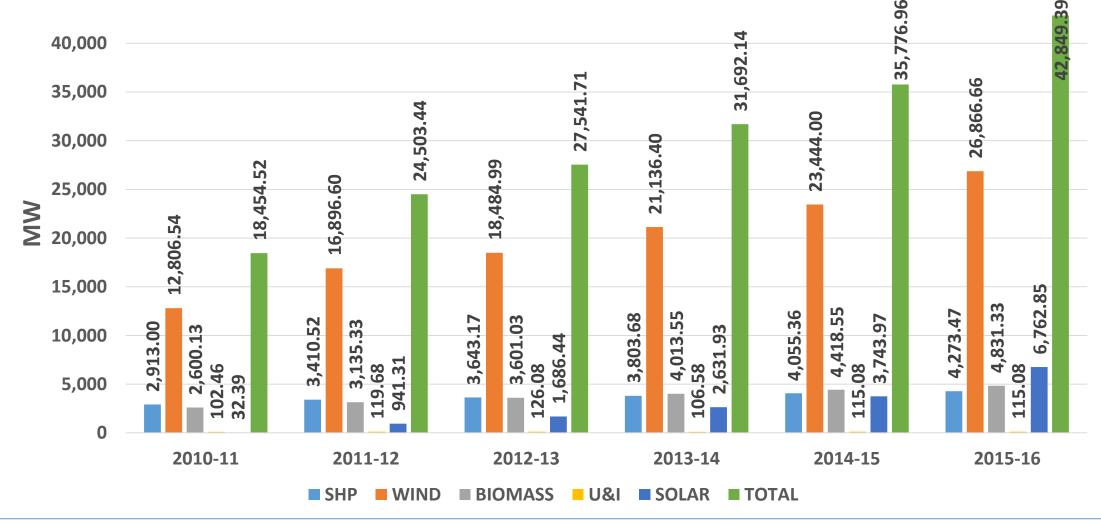


(FIGURES IN MWh)

## INSTALLED CAPACITY OF RES (as on 31.03.2016) ALL FIGURES in MW

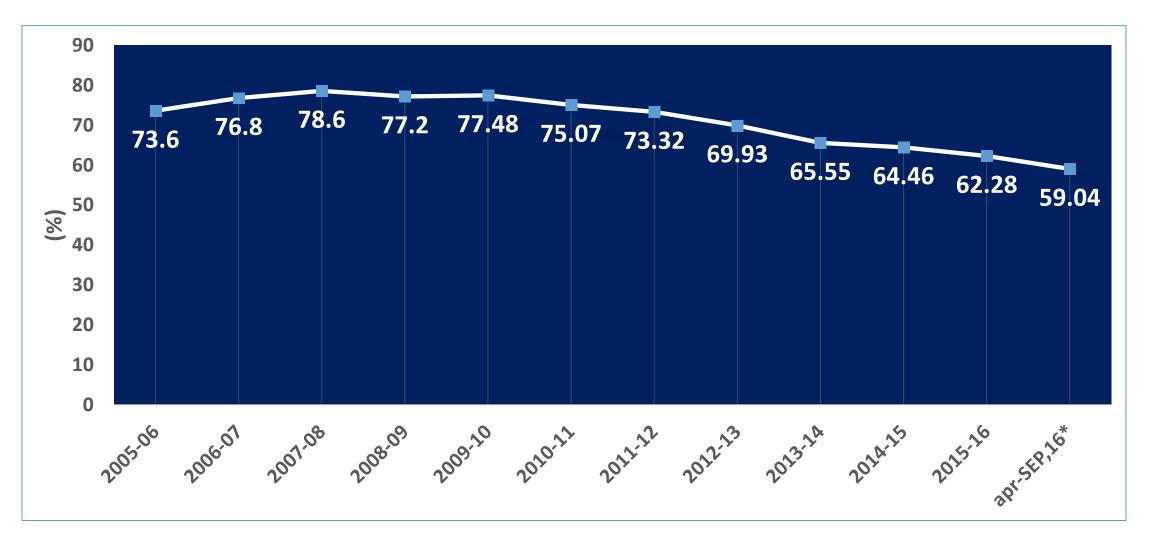


## GROWTH OF ALL INDIA INSTALLED CAPACITY OF RES (CATEGORY WISE)



(FIGURES IN MW)

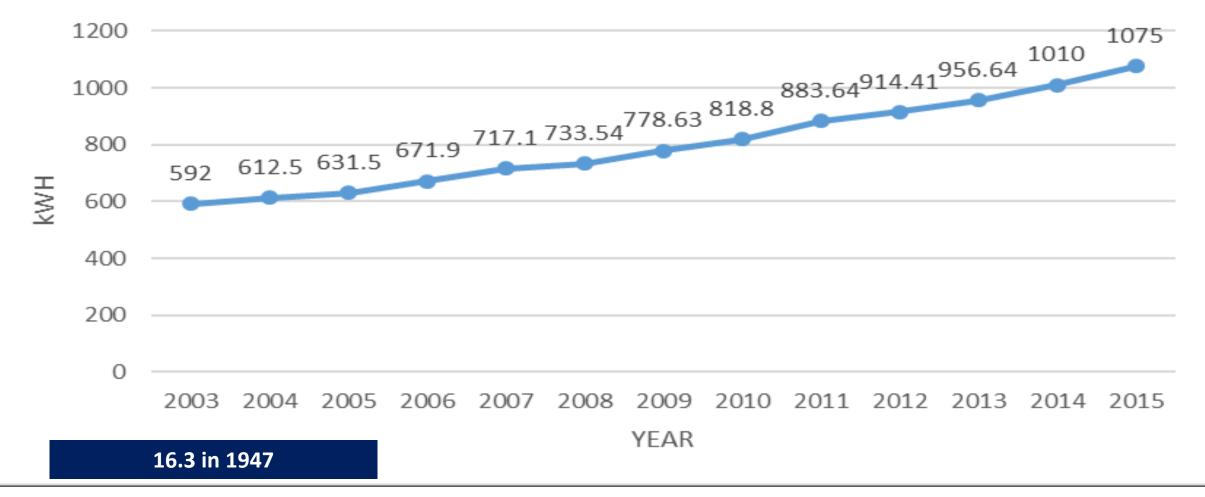
## ALL INDIA THERMAL PLF (%)



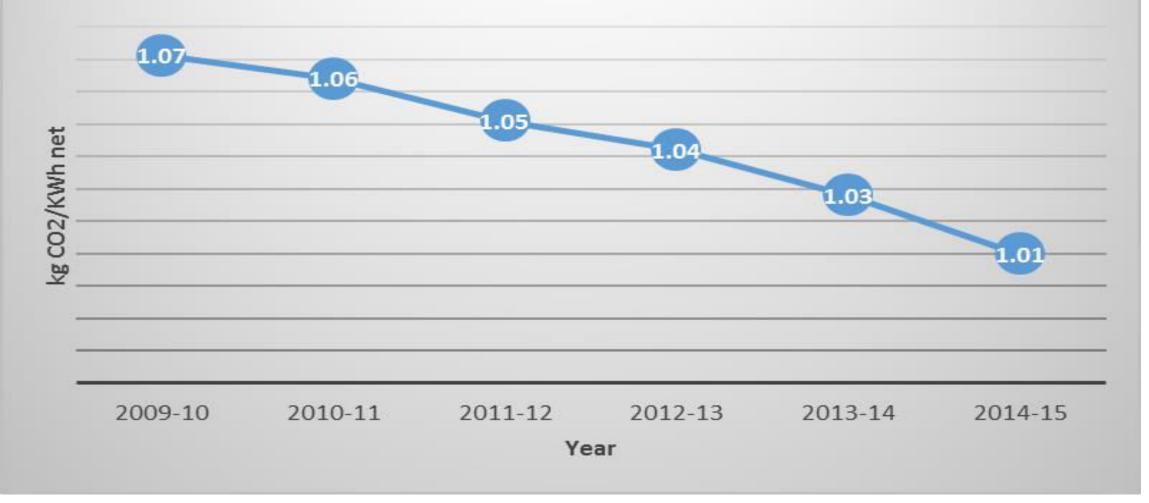
\* PROVISIONAL

### ALL INDIA ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY

### PER CAPITA (kWH)



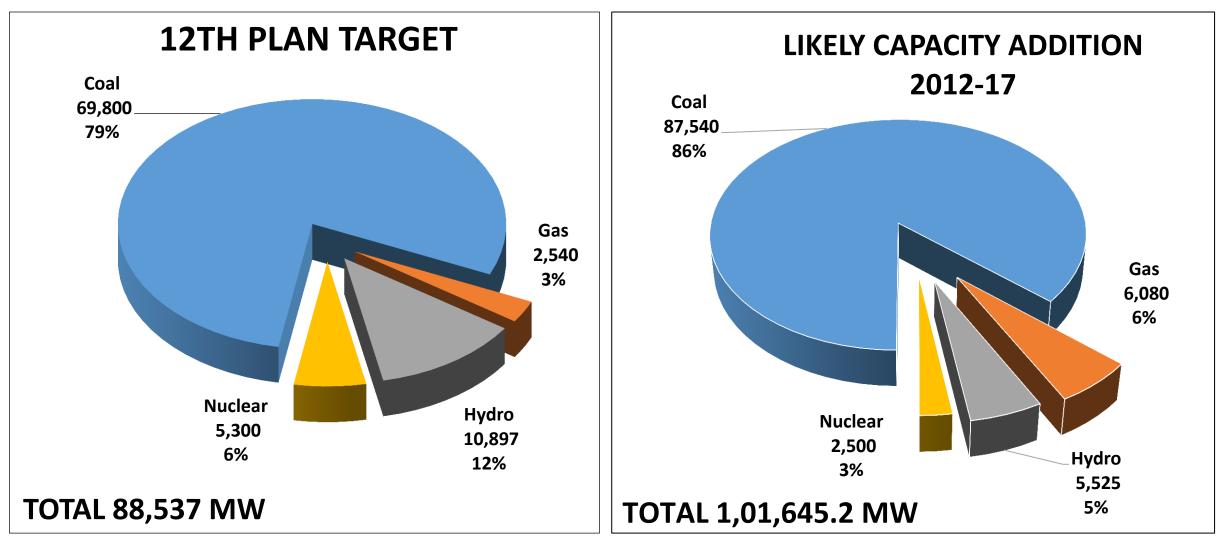
### Average Emission rate from coal based power stations in kgCO2/KWh net



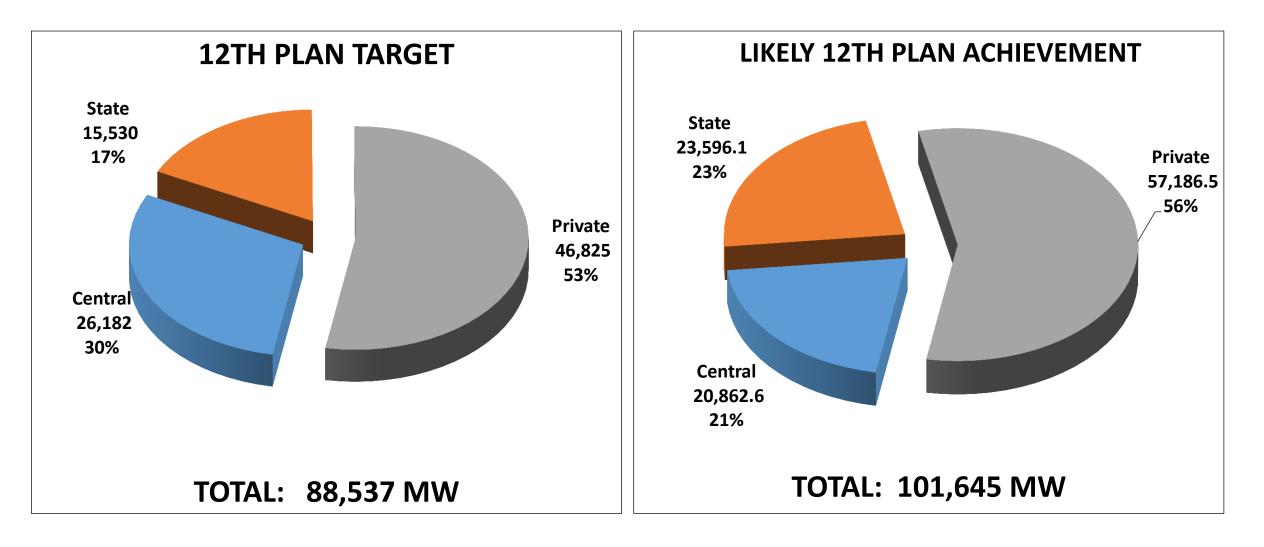
# **12<sup>th</sup> Plan Achievements**

# CONVENTIONAL CAPACITY ADDITION 2012-17 (Type wise)

**FIGURES in MW** 



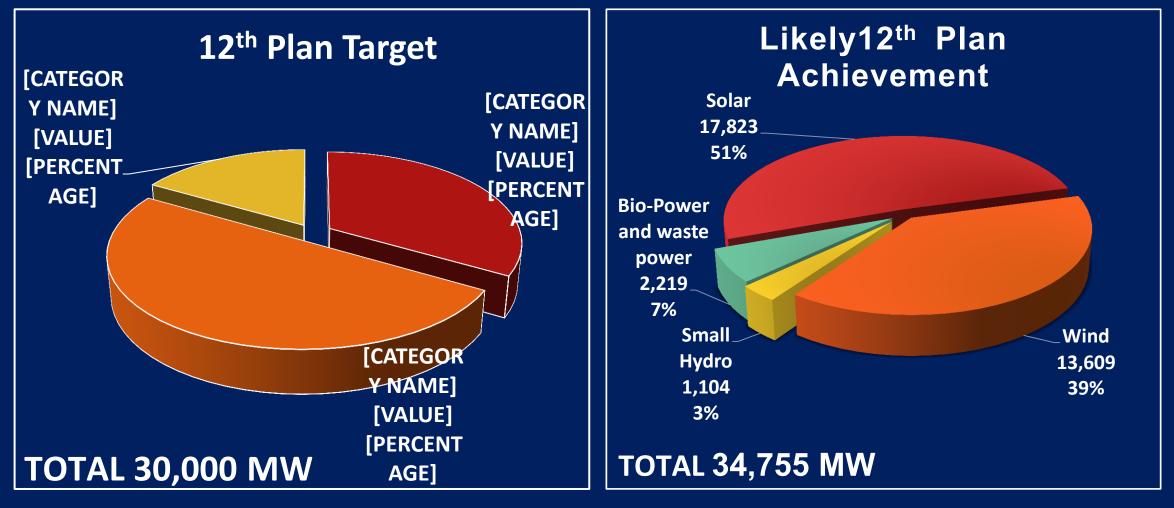
### CONVENTIONAL CAPACITY ADDITION 2012-17 (Sector Wise)



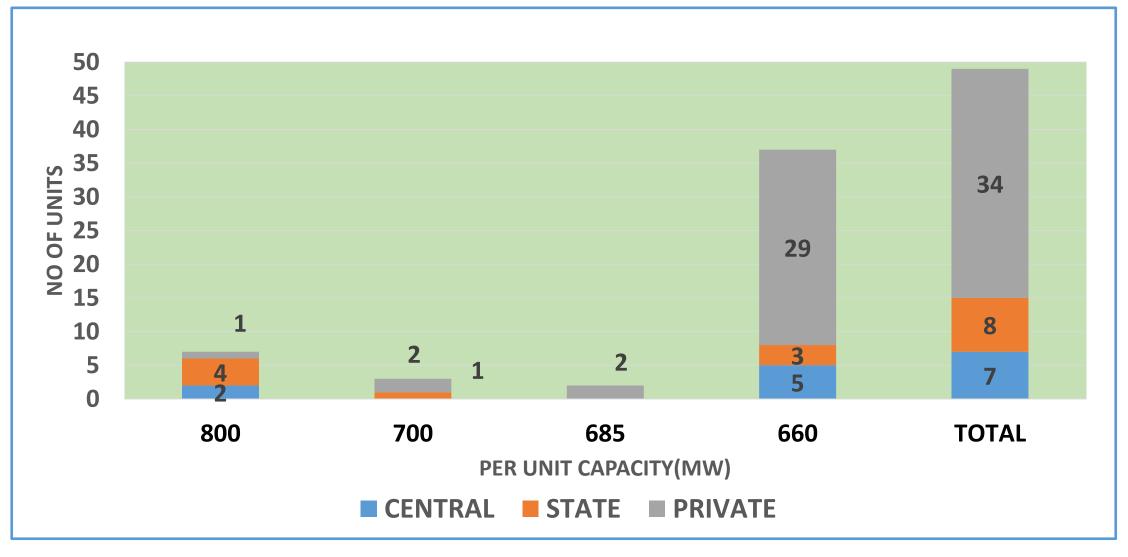
(FIGURES IN MW)

# SUMMARY OF RENEWABLE CAPACITY ADDITION (2012-17)

**FIGURES in MW** 



## NO OF SUPER CRITICAL UNITS (SECTOR WISE) (likely in 2012-17)



# **FUTURE SCENARIO** (2017-22)

### ALL INDIA DEMAND PROJECTIONS (2021-22)

| YEAR        | ENERGY<br>REQUIREMENT<br>(BU) | PEAK           | <b>REDUCTION DUE TO DSM</b>   |                        | DEMAND AF1                    | DEMAND AFTER DSM       |  |  |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
|             |                               | DEMAND<br>(GW) | ENERGY<br>REQUIREMENT<br>(BU) | PEAK<br>DEMAND<br>(GW) | ENERGY<br>REQUIREMENT<br>(BU) | PEAK<br>DEMAND<br>(GW) |  |  |
| 2021-<br>22 | 1748                          | 244            | 137(7.83%)                    | 9(3.68%)               | 1611                          | 235                    |  |  |

### **Committed capacity addition**

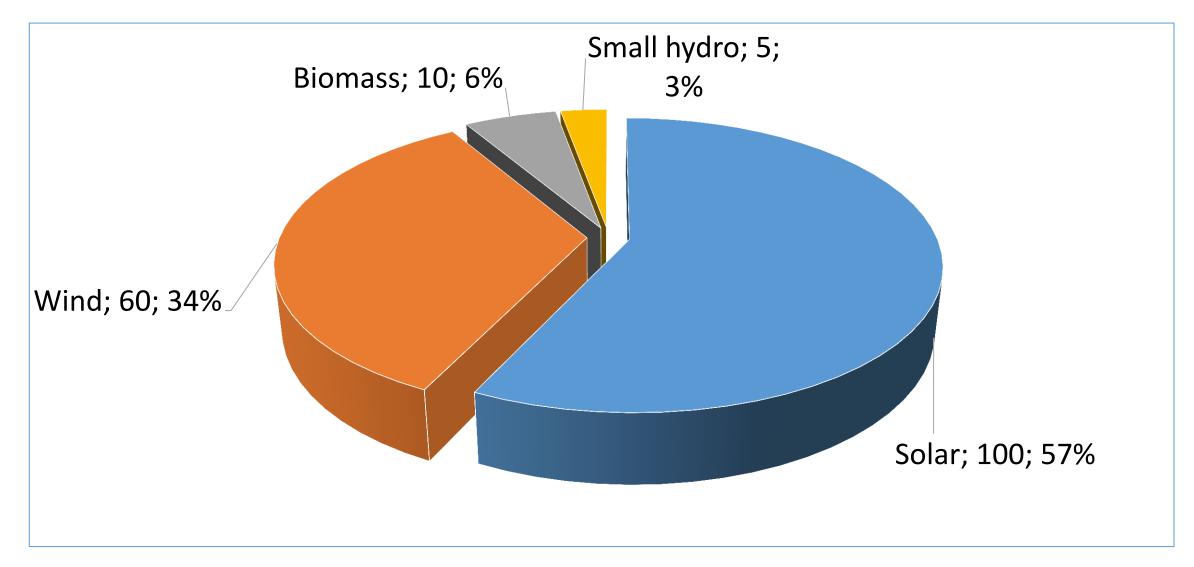
**Conventional :** 

22470 MW (Hydro:15330 MW, Gas: 4340 MW, Nuclear:2800 MW)

**Renewable:** 

175000 MW by 2022 (Solar : 100000 MW, Wind: 60000 MW, Biomass-10000 MW, Small Hydro :5000 MW)

### RENEWABLE ENERGY TARGET BY 2022 (175 GW)



(FIGURES IN GW)

| LIKELY ALL INDIA CAPACITY ADDITION AND PLF OF<br>THERMAL PLANTS<br>(2017-22) |                            |                              |                          |  |  |                                    |  |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Scenario<br>(RES IC<br>by 2022)  | Committed<br>Hydro<br>(MW) | Committed<br>Nuclear<br>(MW) | Committed<br>Gas<br>(MW) | Additional<br>Coal Based<br>Capacity<br>Required<br>(MW) | Coal Based<br>Generation(<br>Gross)<br>(GWh) +++ | PLF of Coal<br>Based<br>Plants (%) | RES Energy<br>Contribution<br>(GWh)in Total<br>Energy<br>requirement<br>** |
| 175GW  |                            |                              |                          | 0  | 1018   | 60.3*<br>(47.9)                    | 327 (20.3%)  |
| 150GW  | 15330                      | 30 2800                      | 4340                     | 0  | 1071   | 63.4<br>(50.4)                     | 286 (17.7%)  |
| 125GW  |                            |                              |                          | 0  | 1122   | 66.4<br>(52.8)                     | 245 (15.2%)  |

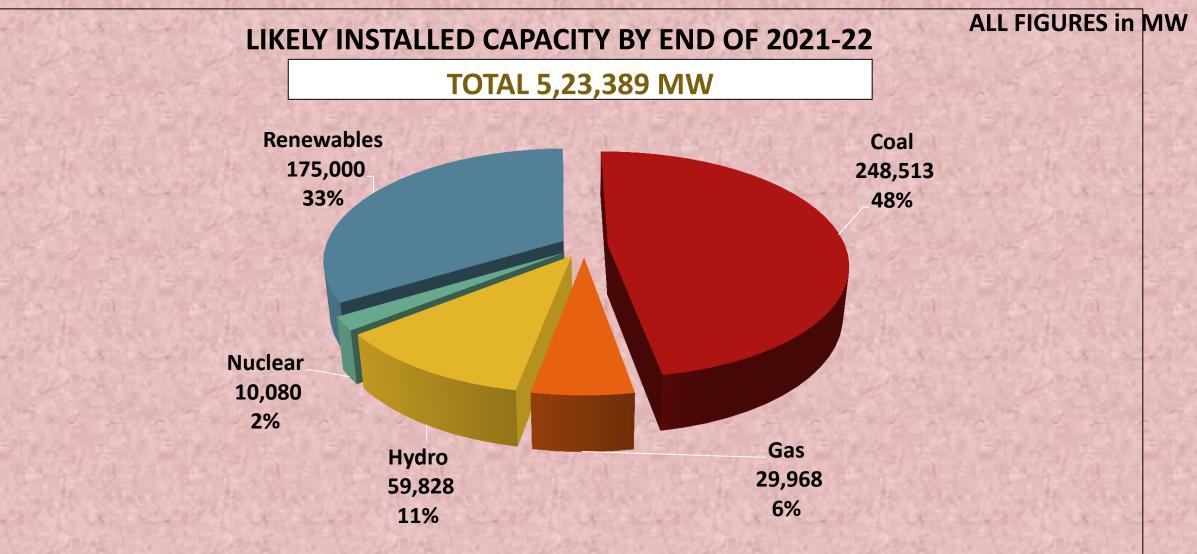
 PLF has been computed based on the requirement of nil capacity addition from coal based power plants. Since a coal based capacity of 50,025 MW is under construction and likely to yield benefits during 2017-22., figures in bracket indicate PLF% including 50,025 MW.

+++ assuming Auxiliary Power consumption of coal stations as 6.5% \*\* Includes Solar, Wind, Bio mass and Small Hydro Generation

### LIKELY CAPACITY ADDITION (MW) DURING THE YEARS 2017-22

| HYDRO      |       | 15,330 |
|------------|-------|--------|
| THERMAL    |       |        |
|            | COAL  | 50,025 |
|            | GAS   | 4,340  |
|            | TOTAL | 54,365 |
| NUCLEAR    |       | 2,800  |
| RENEWABLES |       | 115326 |
| TOTAL      |       | 187821 |

### LIKELY INSTALLED CAPACITY



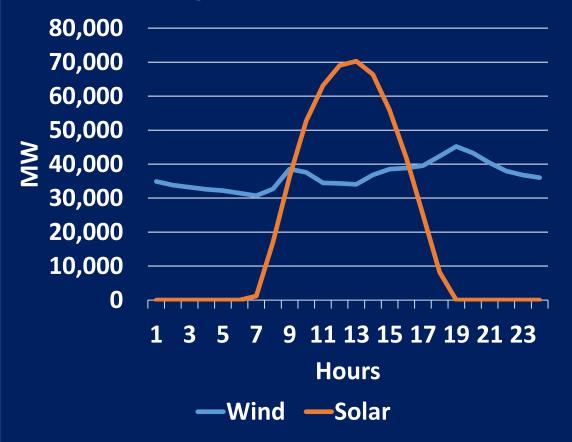
Including 50,025 MW of Coal based capacity addition currently under construction

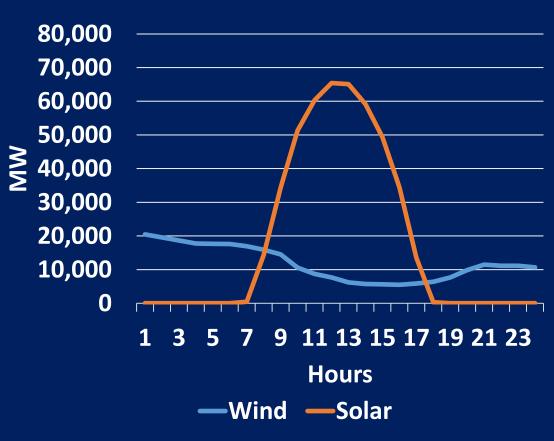
# Challenges in Integration of Renewables

## **TYPICAL ALL INDIA GENERATION PROFILE OF SOLAR AND WIND GENERATION**

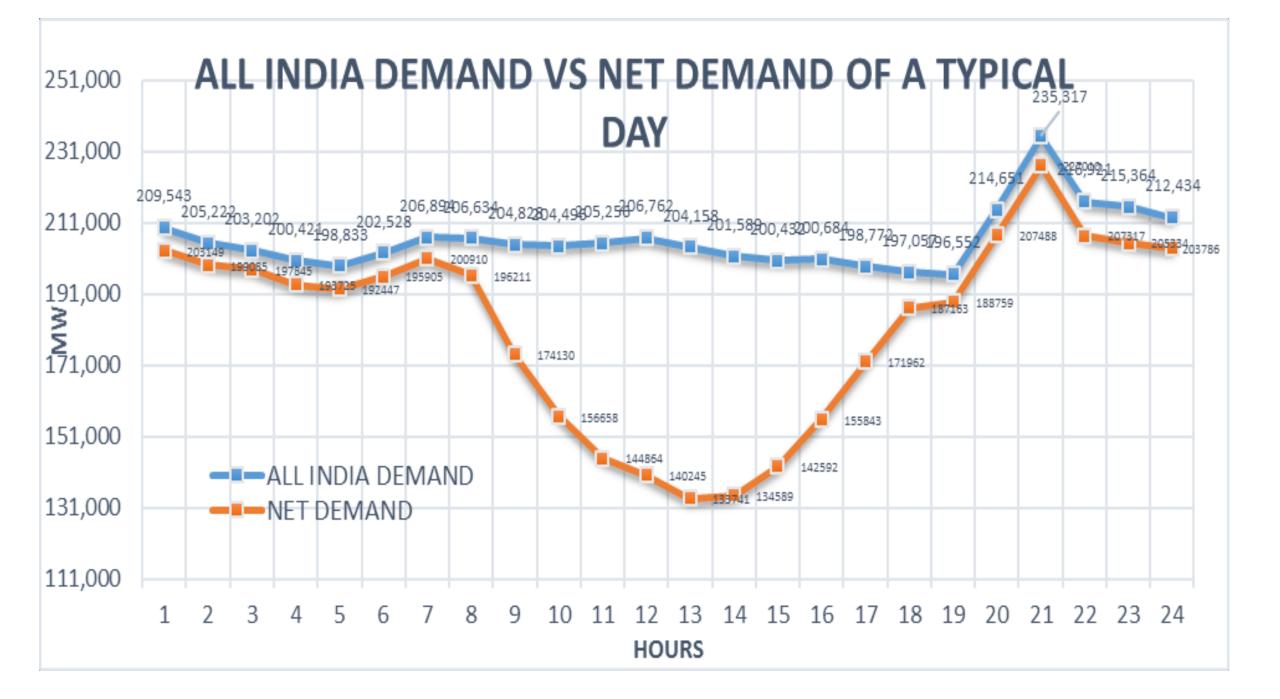
#### **High Wind Months**

केविप्रा Cea

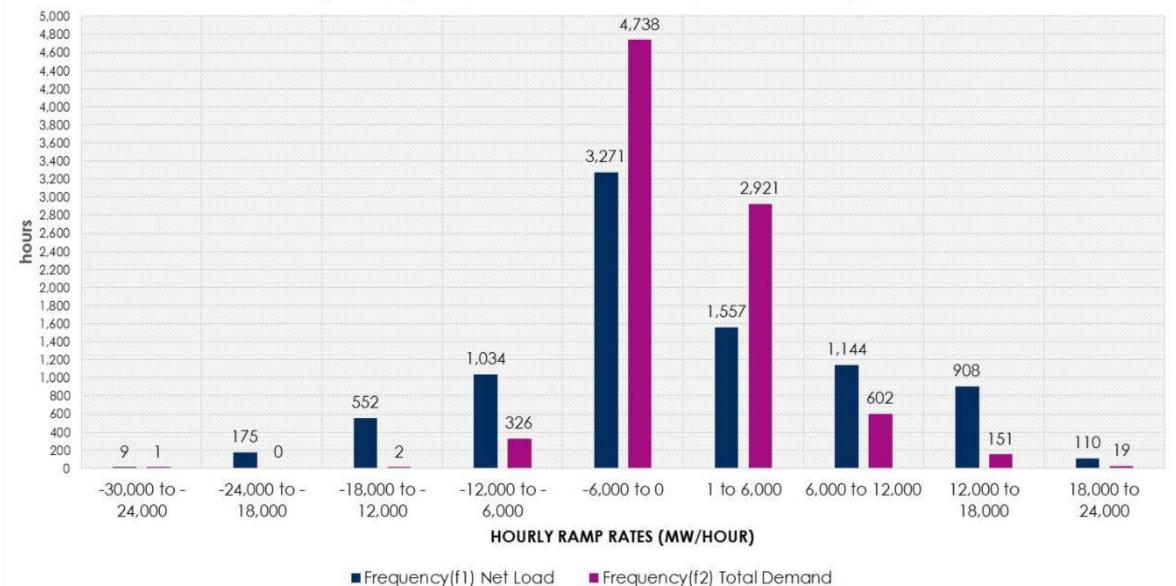




### **Low Wind Months**



### Frequency Distribution of Ramp over the year



### PROJECTED CO2 EMISSIONS FROM GRID CONNECTED POWER STATIONS

| YEAR    | Projected Total<br>Carbon<br>Emissions <sup>#</sup><br>(Million Tones) | Emission Rate*<br>(KgCO <sub>2</sub> /kWh) |
|---------|--|--|
| 2015-16 | 859  | 0.732                                      |
| 2021-22 | 983  | 0.581                                      |

\* Including RES Generation.# Estimated

### CARBON EMISSION INTENSITY FROM POWER SECTOR

India's Intended Nationally Determined Contribution (INDC)
➢ To reduce the emissions intensity of its GDP by 33% to 35 % by 2030 from 2005 level.

|                           | YEAR  | 2005      | 2022      |
|---------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
|                           | Emission intensity from grid<br>connected power stations<br>(kgCO <sub>2</sub> /Rs GDP) | 0.0155479 | 0.0088617 |
| Contraction of the second | Reduction in Emission Intensity<br>(Base 2005)  |           | 43.00%    |

Note: The percentage may change depending on actual capacity addition and retirements.

### LIKELY INSTALLED CAPACITY VS. SHARE OF FOSSIL FUEL

India's Intended Nationally Determined Contribution (INDC) > 40 % cumulative power installed capacity from non-fossil fuels by 2030.

| Year                   | Installed<br>Capacity(IC)<br>(GW) | IC of Fossil Fuel<br>(GW) | IC of Non-Fossil<br>Fuel (GW) | % of Non-Fossil<br>Fuel in IC |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| March,2016             | 302.0                             | 210.6                     | 91.4                          | 30.0%                         |
| March,2022<br>(likely) | 523.4                             | 278.5                     | 244.9                         | 46.8%                         |

Note : 1. Non-Fossil fuels includes Hydro , Nuclear and RES sources.

2. The percentage share may change depending on actual capacity addition and retirements.

3. Includes 50,025 MW of Coal based capacity addition currently under construction and likely to yield benefits during 2017-22

# THANK YOU